

## **Privacy Impact Assessment Template**

# OGC MATTER TRACKING AND REPORTING SYSTEM (SYSTEM NAME)

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Tasha L. Cooper Senior Agency Official for Privacy (202) 649-3091

Tasha.Cooper@fhfa.gov

### **Guidance for Completing the Privacy Impact Assessment**

A Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is an analysis of how Personally Identifiable Information (PII) is collected, stored, maintained, and shared. A PIA must be completed when FHFA: 1) develops or procures an Information Technology (IT) system or project that collects, maintains, or disseminates PII that can be used to identify a specific individual; or 2) initiates a new electronic collection of PII for 10 or more members of the public, which includes any information in an identifiable form permitting the physical or online contacting of a specific individual.

System Owners are primarily responsible for completing the PIA with assistance from IT developers, IT security officers, and the Privacy Office.

#### **OVERVIEW SECTION**

- Provide a thorough, complete, and clear overview of the System and give the reader the appropriate context to understand the responses. Some questions to consider include:
  - What is the purpose of the System?
  - What will be the primary uses of the System?
  - How will this support the Division's/Office's/Program's mission?
- This section fulfills the E-Government Act's requirement for an introduction to members of the public who may be reading the PIA. PIAs may be made publicly available unless a determination is made to not make the PIA available because publication would raise security concerns and/or reveal classified or sensitive information.

#### SECTION 1.0 CHARACTERIZATION OF THE INFORMATION

- Identify if the System contains information about individuals, versus statistical, geographical, or financial information, with no link to a name or other identifier, such as, home address, social security number, account number, home, mobile or facsimile telephone number, or personal e-mail address.
- Examples of sources of the information include information that comes from an individual applying for a loan or mortgage, or other forms that an individual completes. A question to consider:
  - Where does the data originate? (e.g., FHFA, Office of Personnel Management, Regulated Entities, other Financial Institutions, or third parties). A third party is usually a non-Federal person or entity, which may be a source of data/information (e.g., a bank, an internet service provider, or a private organization).
- If the System collects information from 10 or more members of the public, ensure that FHFA has received prior approval from OMB to do so or determine whether OMB's approval is needed to collect the information in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act. If you are unsure of this last requirement, contact the Office of General Counsel for assistance.

#### **SECTION 2.0 USES OF THE INFORMATION**

- Identify the primary uses of the information and how the information supports FHFA's or the Office's/Division's/Program's mission.
- Identify the controls that are in place to ensure the information will be used for the manner for which it was collected. For example, access to the information will be restricted to a limited number of personnel who use the data for their specific program use.

#### **SECTION 3.0 RETENTION**

- The Privacy Act requires an agency to address the retention and disposal of information about individuals. This retention information is published in the Privacy Act System of Record Notice (SORN).
- The retention periods for data/records that FHFA manages are contained in either the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) General Records Schedule (GRS) or FHFA's Records Schedule. For the data being created/maintained in the System, these records schedules are the authoritative sources for this information. For assistance, contact FHFA's Records Management Office.
- Disposing of the data at the end of the retention period is the last state of life-cycle management. Records subject to the Privacy Act have special disposal procedures (e.g. shredding of paper documents).

#### SECTION 4.0 NOTICE, ACCESS, REDRESS AND CORRECTION

- The Privacy Act requires that "each agency that maintains a system of records shall maintain in its records only such information about an individual as is relevant and necessary to accomplish a purpose of the agency required to be accomplished by statute or by executive order of the President." 5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(1).
- Data can be retrieved in a number of ways, but there is usually a personal identifier
  associated with a record. If the System retrieves information by an individual's name or
  other unique identifier (e.g. social security number) it is a Privacy Act System and will need
  a SORN published in the Federal Register. The System may already have a Privacy Act
  SORN. If you do not have a published SORN, or are unsure whether one exists, contact
  FHFA's Privacy Office.
- If a name or other unique identifier is not used to retrieve information, it is possible that the System is not a Privacy Act System. However, even though information may not fall under the Privacy Act's protection and requirements, certain information may still be protected from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act.

- The agency has developed and published an agency specific Privacy Act Rule in the Federal Register (12 CFR Part 1204) that explains how individuals can gain access to information about themselves and correct errors, if appropriate.
- Any employee who knowingly and willfully maintains a System of Records without meeting the Privacy Act notice requirements (5 U.S.C. 552a(e)(4)) is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be fined up to \$5,000.

#### SECTION 5.0 SHARING AND DISCLOSURE

- If you do not know whether or not Systems share data, contact either the business owner of the data, or the IT specialist who knows what interfaces exist between the Systems/applications. As an example, if your System/application shares data with another System/application, ask yourself whether you have access to the data in the interfaced System/application. If so, then your answer is yes, and an explanation is needed.
- Also consider "other" users who may not be obvious as those listed, such as GAO, or FHFA's Office of Inspector General. "Other" may also include database administrators or IT Security Officers. Also include organizations listed in the Privacy Act SORN under the "Routine Use" section when a Privacy Act SORN is required. The more comprehensive the list, the better it is.
- You must first review the SORN to determine whether any information that may come from an existing SORN allows that information to be exchanged and used for these new purposes or uses. There are restrictions on the use and disclosure of information that are set forth in a SORN.

#### **SECTION 6.0 ACCESS AND SECURITY**

- Access to data by a user (i.e. employee or contractor personnel) within FHFA is determined
  on a "need-to-know" basis. This means to authorized employees or contractor personnel
  who have a need for the information to perform their duties may be granted access to the
  information. Factors to consider in making this determination include the user's job
  requirements including supervisory responsibilities.
- The criteria, procedures, controls and responsibilities regarding access must be documented in order to comply with the intent of the Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002 for standards and guidelines on security and privacy.
- The System owner is responsible for ensuring that access to information and data is restricted to authorized personnel. Usually, a user is only given access to certain information that is needed to perform an official function. Care should be given to avoid "open Systems" where all information can be viewed by all users. System administrators may be afforded greater access i.e. to all of the data depending upon the System and/or application. However, restrict access when users do not need to have access to all the data.
- When a contract provides for the operation of a System on behalf of FHFA, the Privacy Act requirements must be applied to such a System. Contact the Contracting Officer or

Contracting Officer's Representative to determine whether the contract contains the Privacy Act clause and the requirements thereunder.

- The Security Assessment and Authorization (SA&A) process requires a System security plan that identifies the technical controls associated with identification and authentication of users. Certain laws and regulations require monitoring of Systems to ensure that only authorized users can access the System for authorized reasons. In doing so, consider what controls are in place to ensure that only those authorized to monitor the System can in fact monitor use of the System. For example, business rules, internal instructions, and posting Privacy Warning Notices address access controls and violations for unauthorized monitoring. System Owners are responsible for ensuring that no unauthorized monitoring is occurring.
- The IT Security Plan describes the practice of applying logical access controls. Logical access controls are System-based means by which the ability to access a System is either explicitly enabled or restricted. System Owners are responsible for ensuring that no unauthorized access is occurring.
- The IT Security Plan describes the practice of audit trails. An audit trail maintains a record of System activity and user activity including invalid logon attempts, access to data and monitoring. The SA&A process requires a System security plan outlining the implementation of the technical controls associated with identification and authentication.
- Every System/application/process that uses data must have controls in place to prevent the misuse of the data by those having access to the data. For instance, in computerized Systems, the Security Information Record (SIR) is part of the Core Storage Terminal Table. The SIR is the automated tool that identifies and authenticates an individual for the System and is transparent to the user.
- All employees, including contractors, have requirements for protecting information in Privacy Act Systems. Describe the controls in place, including any privacy and security awareness controls such as training materials, to protect the information.

#### **PIA FORM**

#### **Overview**

Provide an overview of the System and address the following:

- The System name and the division/office that owns the System;
- The purpose of the program, System, or technology and how it relates to the agency's mission; and

• A general description of the information in the System.

System Owner(s)			
Name E-mail		Division/Office	Office Phone Number
Will Shen	william.shen@fhfa.gov	OGC	please email
Maura Dundon	maura.dundon@fhfa.gov	OGC	please email

#### **Section 1.0 Characterization of the Information**

The following questions define the scope of the information requested and/or collected as well as reasons for its collection as part of the program, System, or technology being developed. The questions address all information collected, with more emphasis provided on the collection of PII, such as name, address, social security number, date of birth, financial information, etc.

#	Question	Response
1.1	collected, used, disseminated, or maintained in the System?	The Matter Tracking System (MTS) will collect information to track matters (e.g. assignments, projects, and deliverables) for FHFA's Office of General Counsel (OGC).  This information may include the names, business email addresses and business telephone numbers for FHFA employees and contractor personnel.
1.2	information in the System?	The names, business email addresses and business telephone numbers for FHFA employees and contractor personnel in the MTS are obtained directly from the FHFA Active Directory.  Additionally, the descriptions of the matters in the MTS are provided by the OGC employee /or contractor personnel assigned to each respective matter.

#	Question	Response
1.3	For what purpose is the information being collected, used, disseminated, or maintained?	The purpose of the MTS is to create a database of the matters in OGC, in order to track the current status and generate reports about any past or planned activities for each matter.  The MTS will also allow OGC employees to view the OGC personnel assigned to each matter, any completed or planned tasks for each matter, and any timelines and due dates applicable to each matter.
1.4	How is the information provided to FHFA?	The sources of information in the MTS are the OGC employees /or contractor personnel who inputs their matters into the system.
1.5	Given the amount and type of information collected, what are the risks to an individual's privacy that are associated with collection of the data? Explain in detail how the loss, or compromise of the information will/can affect an individual's privacy.	The MTS collects the names, business email addresses and business telephone numbers for FHFA employees and contractor personnel.  There is no reasonable expectation of privacy for this particular information with respect to FHFA employees. However, the MTS also collects the names of FHFA's contractor personnel. A loss of this information could compromise the personal privacy of the FHFA contractor personnel that are the subject(s) of the loss or compromise of this information in the MTS.  To mitigate this risk, access to the MTS and the information therein in limited to OGC employees and the contractor personnel who have been granted access to the MTS by the System Owners.

1.6	Are Social Security Numbers (SSNs) are being collected or used in the system?	No, SSNs are not being collected or used in the MTS.
1.7	If SSNs are collected or used in the system, 1) describe in detail the business justification for collecting or using SSNs; 2) the consequences if SSNs are not collected or used, and 3) how the SSNs will be protected while in use, in transit and in storage.	N/A.

## **Section 2.0 Uses of the Information**

The following questions delineate the use of information and the accuracy of the data being used.

#	Question	Response
2.1		The information in the MTS will be used to track matters for FHFA's OGC.

#	Question	Response
	in place to ensure that information is only used in the manner for which it was collected.	To ensure that the MTS is only used in the manner for which is collected, access to the MTS and the information therein is limited to OGC employees and the contractor personnel who have been granted access to the MTS by the System Owners.

#### **Section 3.0 Retention**

The following questions outline how long information will be retained after the initial collection.

#	Question	Response
3.1	How long is the information retained?	The information in the MTS will be retained for 3 years.
3.2	Has a retention schedule been approved by FHFA's Records Management Office and NARA? If yes, provide the corresponding GRS or FHFA specific Records Schedule number.	Yes, a retention schedule has been approved.  The records will be retained pursuant to Item 6.2 of FHFA's Comprehensive Record Schedule. The NARA Authority for this Records Schedule is N1-543-11-1, as approved on 01/11/2013.
3.3	Discuss the risks associated with the length of time data is retained and how those risks are mitigated.	There are minimal risks associated with the length of time the data is retained in the MTS. Access to the MTS and the information therein is limited to OGC employees and the contractor personnel who have been granted access to the MTS by the System Owners.

#### Section 4.0 Notice, Access, Redress and Correction

The following questions are directed at notice to the individual, the individual's right to consent to uses of the information, the individual's right to decline to provide information, and an individual's ability to ensure the accuracy of the information collected about them.

#	Question	Response
4.1	number. If one has not, and one is required, provide the name of the SORN and the expected publication date in the	No, a SORN has not created, but is required for the MTS.  FHFA expects to publish SORN No. FHFA—29, General Counsel Matters Tracking System, on 8/8/22.
	publication date in the	29, General Counsel Matters Tracking Syste

4.2	Was notice provided to the individual prior to collection of information? If so, what type of notice was provided?	N/A.  OGC employees and contractor personnel's names, business email addresses and business telephone numbers are obtained directly from the FHFA Active Directory.
4.3	Do individuals have the opportunity and/or right to decline to provide information? What are the consequences if an individual declines to provide the information?	N/A.  FHFA employees and contractor personnel names, business email addresses and business telephone numbers are obtained directly from the FHFA Active Directory.

#	Question	Response
4.4	individuals to gain access to their	Individuals may submit a Privacy Act request to FHFA's Privacy Act Officer pursuant to 12 CFR § 1204.3(b).
4.5	inaccurate or erroneous information?	Individuals may submit a request to amend or correct records to FHFA's Privacy Act Officer pursuant to 12 CFR § 1204.3(d).

## **Section 5.0 Sharing and Disclosure**

The following questions define the content, scope, and authority for information sharing.

#	Question	Response
5.1	shared and for what purpose?	Only OGC staff and contractors will have access to the MTS. OGC staff could share summary information generated by the system (e.g. reports generated, PDF print-outs of project status page) with all other FHFA offices as needed to conduct agency business.

5.2	With which external organization(s) is the information shared? What information is shared, and for what purpose? External organization(s) include Federal, state and local government, and the private sector.	N/A.
5.3	compatible with the original information collection? If so, is it covered by an appropriate	N/A.  The PII in the MTS is not shared outside of the agency.
5.4	risks to the individual and describe how those	N/A.  The PII in the MTS is not shared outside of the agency.

# Section 6.0 Technical Access and Security

The following questions describe technical safeguards and security measures.

#	Question	Response
6.1	What procedures are in place to determine which users may access the System? Are these procedures documented in writing?	Access to the MTS and the information therein is limited to OGC employees and the contractor personnel who have been granted access to the MTS by the System Owners.
		This access is in alignment with FHFA's <i>Use</i> and <i>Protection of PII</i> policy.
6.2	Will non-FHFA personnel (e.g. contractor personnel, regulated entity personnel) have access to the System and information contained therein? If yes, how will they gain access to the System? How will the agency control their	Yes, FHFA contractor personnel will have access to the MTS. Their access to the system and any information therein in controlled by the System Owners.
	access and use of information? Are there procedures documented in writing?	

6.3	Describe the type and frequency of training that is provided to users either generally or specifically that is relevant to the program or System?	All FHFA employees and contractor personnel are required to undergo annual privacy training for use of FHFA systems.
6.4	Describe the technical/administrative safeguards in place to protect the data?	Access to the MTS and the information therein is limited to OGC employees and the contractor personnel who have been granted access to the MTS by the System Owners.
6.5	What auditing measures are in place to protect the data? Who reviews these measures and how frequently are they reviewed?	System Owners conduct an annual audit to review the list of individuals who accessed the MTS.
6.6	Has a SA&A been completed for the System or Systems supporting the program? If so, provide the date the last SA&A was completed. If not, and one is required, provided the expected completion date of the SA&A.	No, a SA&A for the MTS was not completed or required.
6.7	Has an Authority to Operate (ATO) been issued for this System? If so, what date was it issued, and for how long was it issued? If not, when do you anticipate such ATO being issued?	No, an ATO has not been issued. An ATO is expected to be completed no later than August 2022.