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### Introduction

Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac began issuing the Uniform Mortgage-Backed Securities (UMBS) on June 3, 2019.

This quarterly report provides market participants additional transparency into a sample of the data FHFA receives and reviews on a monthly basis. The report focuses on alignment of prepayment rates, which continues to be important to the success of UMBS and to the efficiency and liquidity of the secondary mortgage market.

Ex post monitoring of prepayment rates is part of a broader effort to assure investors that cash flows from UMBS will be similar regardless of which Enterprise is the issuer. This report provides insight into how FHFA monitors the consistency of prepayment rates across cohorts of the Enterprises' TBA-eligible MBS, where a cohort consists of those Enterprise TBA-eligible securities with the same coupon, maturity, and loan-origination year and total combined issuance across the Enterprises exceeds \$10

billion. A prepayment on a mortgage loan is the amount of principal paid in advance of the loan's scheduled payments. Full prepayment occurs when a borrower pays off the loan ahead of the scheduled maturity.

#### **Background on UMBS:**

Issuance of UMBS through the Enterprises' jointly developed Common Securitization Platform (CSS), fulfilled important elements of FHFA's 2014 Strategic Plan for the Conservatorships of Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac.

Forward trading of UMBS began in the "To-Be-Announced" (TBA) market<sup>2</sup>, on March 12, 2019 with first settlements of the UMBS trades on June 3, 2019. UMBS is issued without regard to which Enterprise is the issuer and has effectively merged the formerly separate MBS markets. UMBS has broadened and enhanced liquidity in the secondary market for residential mortgages and reduced costs to taxpayers.<sup>3</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> To avoid double counting, only first-level securitizations are included in the analysis. Second-level securitizations (Megas, Giants, and Supers) are excluded, with the exception of fastest quartile analyses and Table 2 (Quartile Report). For those exceptions, Freddie Mac multi-lender second-level securitizations traded as a single security are included and the related first-level securitizations are excluded to avoid double counting.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The TBA market is a forward market for certain mortgage-backed securities, including those issued by the Enterprises.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See *An Update on the Structure of the Single Security*, May 2015, p.4

## **Alignment Requirements**

On March 5, 2019, FHFA published the *Uniform* Mortgage-Backed Security Final Rule (Final Rule). The Final Rule codified FHFA thresholds with respect to differences between the prepayment rates of corresponding cohorts of each Enterprises' TBA-eligible securities. The Final Rule uses three-month CPRs rather than one-month CPRs, and measures alignment both with respect to entire cohorts and the fastest paying quartile of each cohort. Generally, the Enterprises must report to FHFA differences between Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac prepayment rates when the divergence between three-month CPRs exceeds two percentage points for an entire cohort or five percentage points for the fastest paying quartile of a cohort. For a divergence in three-month CPRs in excess of three percentage points for an entire cohort or eight percentage points in the fastest paying quartile of a cohort, the Enterprises must provide a written report to FHFA on the causes of the divergence and submit a written remediation plan. In most instances, FHFA's UMBS Governance Committee reviews the reports and may recommend remedial actions.



### **Prepayment Performance Charts and Tables**

FHFA uses the charts and data tables in this report to evaluate the alignment of loan attributes for newly issued Enterprise MBS and the prepayment performance of outstanding Enterprise MBS. These charts and tables have been abridged to improve readability by omitting coupons and years with lower volumes of outstanding securities. FHFA monitors similar information for both Enterprises, focusing primarily on coupons, maturities, and loan-origination years that have minimum combined outstanding principal balances in excess of \$10 billion and whose origination-years are not more than six calendar years prior to the current calendar year. Footnotes to the relevant charts and tables indicate cohorts that are below the \$10 billion threshold.

As mentioned previously, a prepayment on a mortgage loan is the amount of principal paid in advance of the loan's payment schedule. When a loan is prepaid, an MBS

investor receives the payment as principal. If the investor paid a premium for the security, the prepayment reduces the investor's yield. Therefore, investors in premium securities look for MBS that are likely to prepay slower than other MBS.

For further descriptions of how FHFA uses this information, see *Update on the Single Security Initiative and Common Securitization Platform*, December 2017.

Prepayments between the Enterprises remain reasonably aligned quarter over quarter. Despite record low rates and refinance activity post UMBS implementation, the consistency in prepayment performance has contributed to continued efficiency and liquidity in the UMBS market. FHFA continues to monitor any cohort level pooling divergences between the Enterprises and its potential impact on prepay speeds.



### **Charts**

Charts 1 and 2 illustrate alignment of entire cohorts, using one-month CPR. FHFA uses the one-month CPR in these charts to assess the alignment at the cohort level for past origination cycles and the general trend of alignment across loan-origination years on a more granular basis than the three-month CPR would afford.

Chart 1 compares one-month CPR for both Enterprises TBA-eligible 30-year securities for the current year and the prior six years.

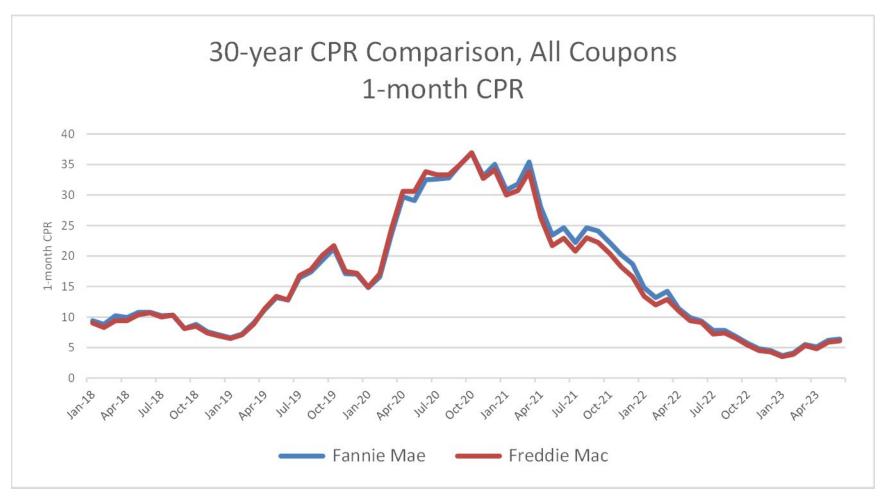
Chart 2 illustrates the comparison of pool loan-origination years for a given TBA-eligible MBS coupon. Chart 2 shows June 2023 one-month prepayment rates for entire cohorts each Enterprise's 30-year MBS for coupons with combined issuance volume outstanding in excess of \$10 billion (1.5%, 2%, 2.5%, 3%, 3.5%, 4%, 4.5%, 5%, 5.5%, 6%, and 6.5%) and the six loan-origination years prior to the current calendar year.

Charts 3a through 31 illustrate alignment with respect to the fastest paying quartiles of each cohort. FHFA uses these charts to assess alignment with respect to the fastest paying quartiles of cohorts of the Enterprises' TBA-eligible MBS on a historical basis. Chart 3a illustrates alignment in one-month prepayment rates across the Enterprises for recent coupons with issuance greater than \$10 billion. For each coupon in Chart 3a, the illustrated one-month prepayment rates are calculated across the fastest paying quartile at a given point in time. Charts 3b through 31 illustrate the degree of three-month prepayment rate alignment of the fastest paying quartile for each coupon-year cohort.

Chart 4 illustrates the spread between the weighted average loan rates (WACs) in mortgage pools to the coupon on the MBS backed by that pool for 30-year MBS issued by the Enterprises during the quarter. FHFA monitors this spread because differences in the spread between the Enterprises can lead to differences in prepayment rates as interest rates change. Securities with higher spreads are likely to experience faster prepayment rates as borrowers take advantage of opportunities to refinance due to their higher loan rates.



Chart 1: One-month CPR Comparison for 30-Year, for All TBA-Eligible MBS, All Coupons





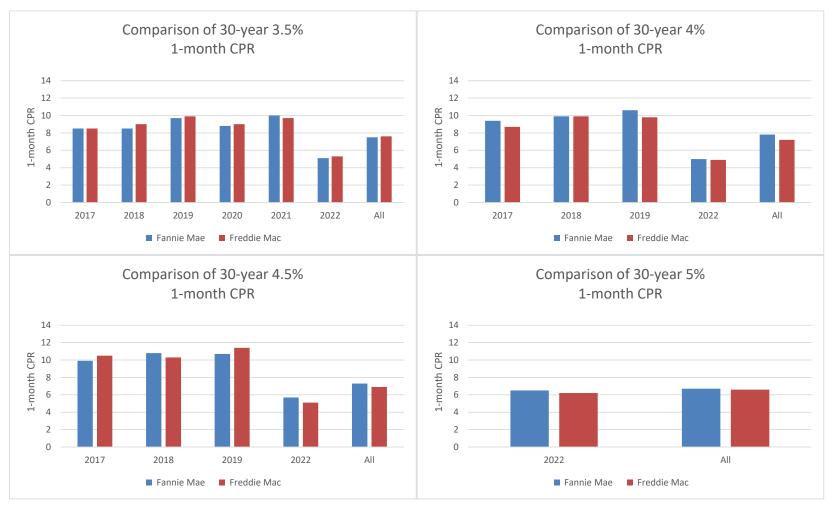
Comparison of 30-year 1.5% Comparison of 30-year 2% 1-month CPR 1-month CPR 12 12 1-month CPR 1-month CPR 2020 2020 2021 2022 2021 ■ Fannie Mae ■ Freddie Mac Fannie Mae Freddie Mac Comparison of 30-year 2.5% Comparison of 30-year 3% 1-month CPR 1-month CPR 12 12 1-month CPR 1-month CPR 10 10 2019 2019 2020 2021 2022 2020 2021 2022 ■ Freddie Mac Freddie Mac

Chart 2: June 2023 One-month CPR on All 30-year, TBA-eligible MBS by Coupon and Loan-Origination Year\*



<sup>\*</sup> The 1.5 percent coupon cohorts for 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2022; the 2 percent coupon cohorts for 2017, 2018, and 2019; the 2.5 percent coupon cohorts for 2017 and 2018; and the 3 percent coupon cohorts for 2017 and 2018, are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.

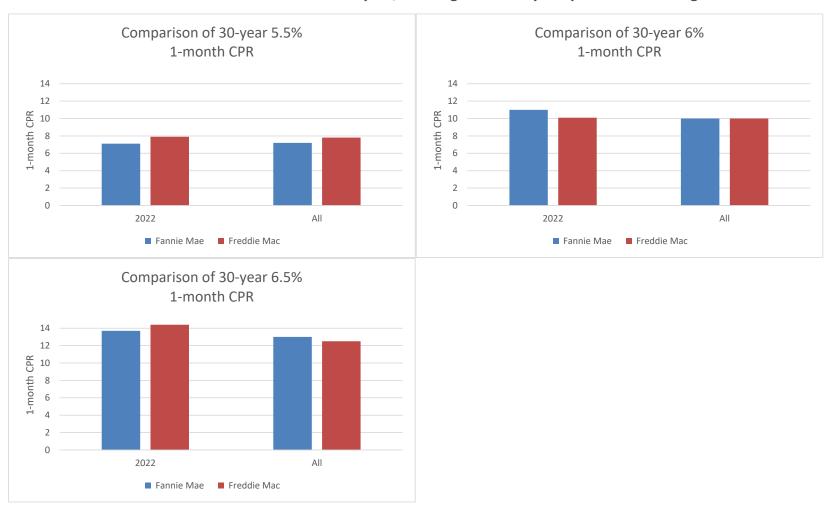
Chart 2: June 2023 One-month CPR on All 30-year, TBA-eligible MBS by Coupon and Loan-Origination Year\*



<sup>\*</sup> The 4 percent coupon cohorts for 2020 and 2021, the 4.5 percent coupon cohorts for 2020 and 2021; and the 5 percent coupon cohorts for 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021, are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



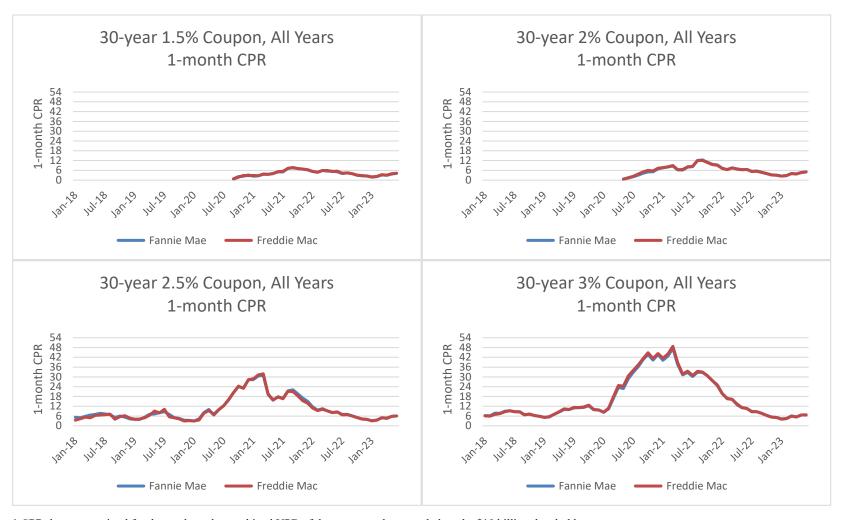
Chart 2: June 2023 One-month CPR on All 30-year, TBA-eligible MBS by Coupon and Loan-Origination Year\*



<sup>\*</sup> The 5.5 percent coupon cohorts for 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021; the 6 percent coupon cohorts for 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021; and the 6.5 percent coupon cohorts for 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021, are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



Chart 3a: One-month CPR on All 30-year, TBA-eligible MBS by Coupon\*



<sup>\*</sup> CPR data was omitted for dates where the combined UPB of the coupon cohort was below the \$10 billion threshold.



Chart 3a: One-month CPR on All 30-year, TBA-eligible MBS by Coupon

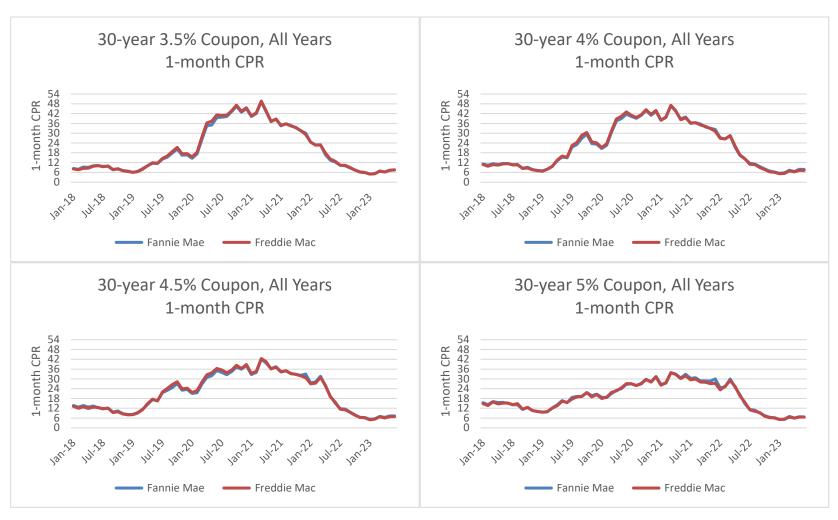




Chart 3a: One-month CPR on All 30-year, TBA-eligible MBS by Coupon

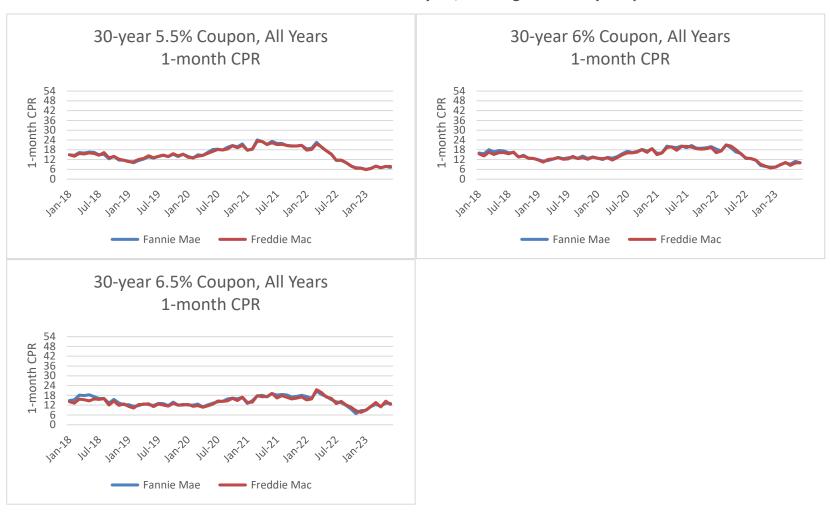
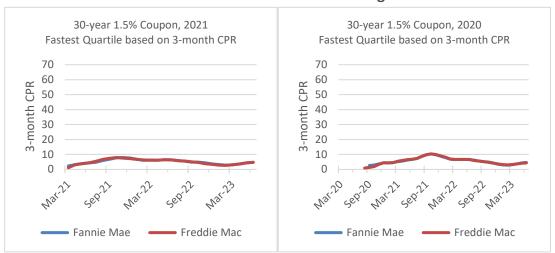




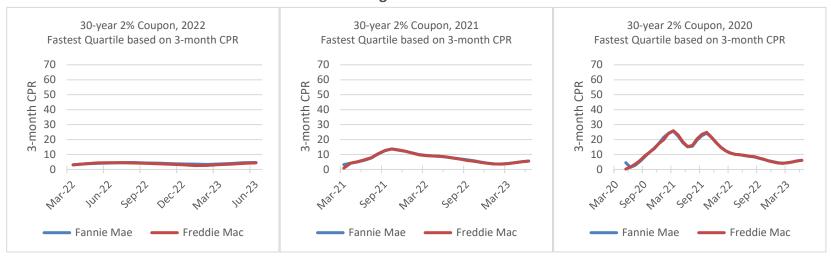
Chart 3b: Three-month CPR on 30-year Fastest Paying Quartiles, 1.50 Percent Coupon TBA-eligible MBS by Loan-Origination Year\*



<sup>\*</sup> The 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2022 cohorts are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



Chart 3c: Three-month CPR on 30-year Fastest Paying Quartiles, 2.00 Percent Coupon TBA-eligible MBS by Loan-Origination Year\*

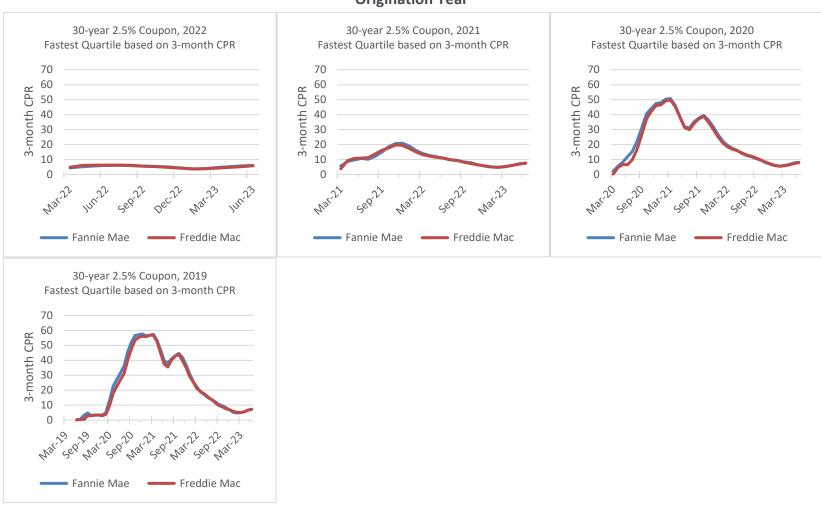


<sup>\*</sup> The 2017, 2018, and 2019 cohorts are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



## Prepayment Monitoring Report

Chart 3d: Three-month CPR on 30-year Fastest Paying Quartiles, 2.50 Percent Coupon TBA-eligible MBS by Loan-Origination Year\*

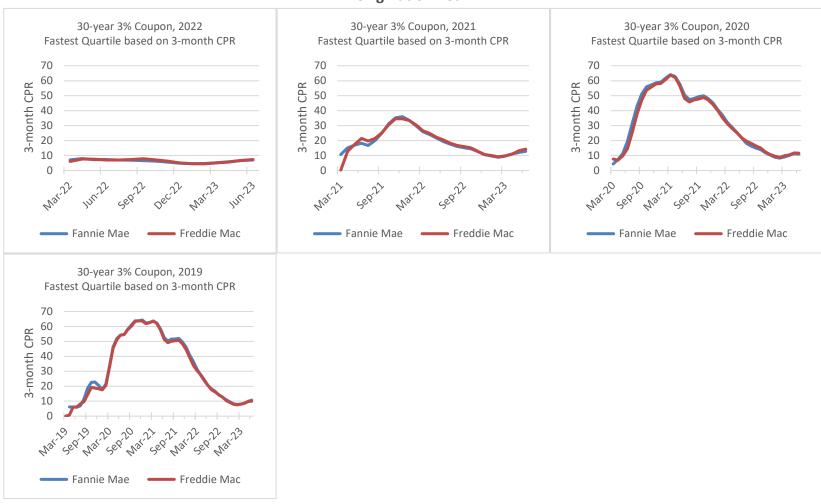


<sup>\*</sup> The 2017 and 2018 cohorts are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



## Prepayment Monitoring Report

Chart 3e: Three-month CPR on 30-year Fastest Paying Quartiles, 3.00 Percent Coupon TBA-eligible MBS by Loan-Origination Year\*



<sup>\*</sup> The 2017 and 2018 cohorts are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



Chart 3f: Three-month CPR on 30-year Fastest Paying Quartiles, 3.50 Percent Coupon TBA-eligible MBS by Loan-Origination Year

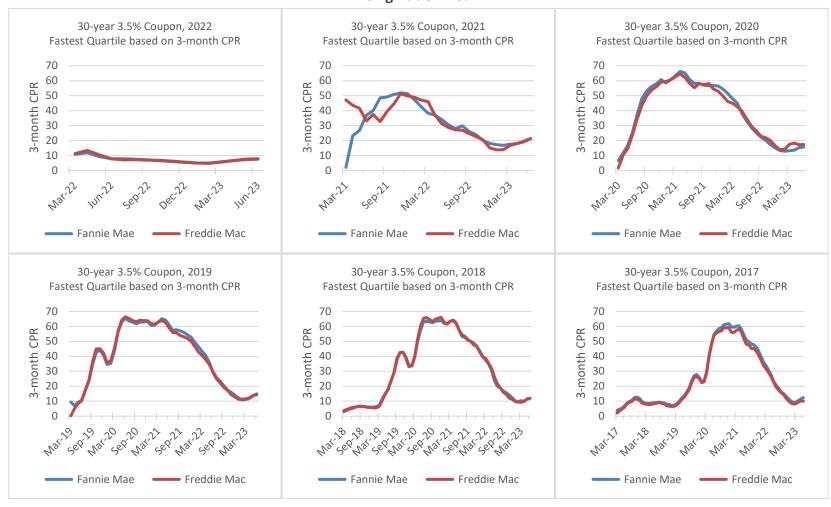




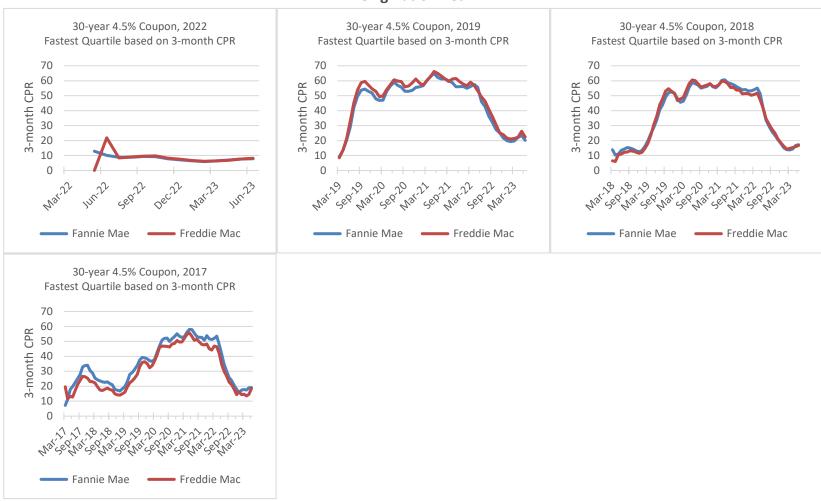
Chart 3g: Three-month CPR on 30-year Fastest Paying Quartiles, 4.00 Percent Coupon TBA-eligible MBS by Loan-Origination Year



<sup>\*</sup> The 2020 and 2021 cohorts are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



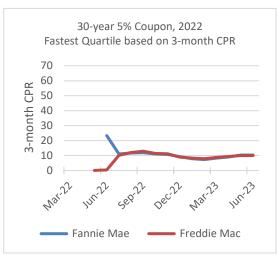
Chart 3h: Three-month CPR on 30-year Fastest Paying Quartiles, 4.50 Percent Coupon TBA-eligible MBS by Loan-Origination Year



<sup>\*</sup> The 2020 and 2021 cohorts are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



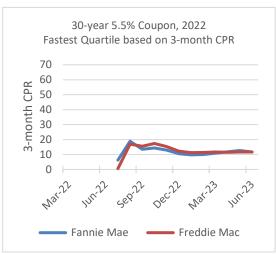
Chart 3i: Three-month CPR on 30-year Fastest Paying Quartiles, 5.00 Percent Coupon TBA-eligible MBS by Loan-Origination Year



<sup>\*</sup> The 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021 cohorts are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



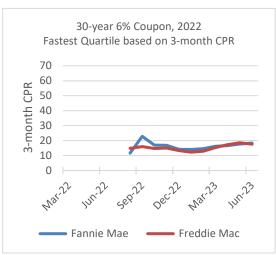
Chart 3j: Three-month CPR on 30-year Fastest Paying Quartiles, 5.50 Percent Coupon TBA-eligible MBS by Loan-Origination Year



<sup>\*</sup> The 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021 cohorts are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



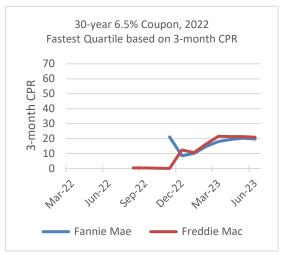
Chart 3k: Three-month CPR on 30-year Fastest Paying Quartiles, 6.00 Percent Coupon TBA-eligible MBS by Loan-Origination Year



<sup>\*</sup> The 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021 cohorts are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



Chart 3I: Three-month CPR on 30-year Fastest Paying Quartiles, 6.50 Percent Coupon TBA-eligible MBS by Loan-Origination Year



<sup>\*</sup> The 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021 cohorts are omitted because each has a combined UPB below the \$10 billion threshold.



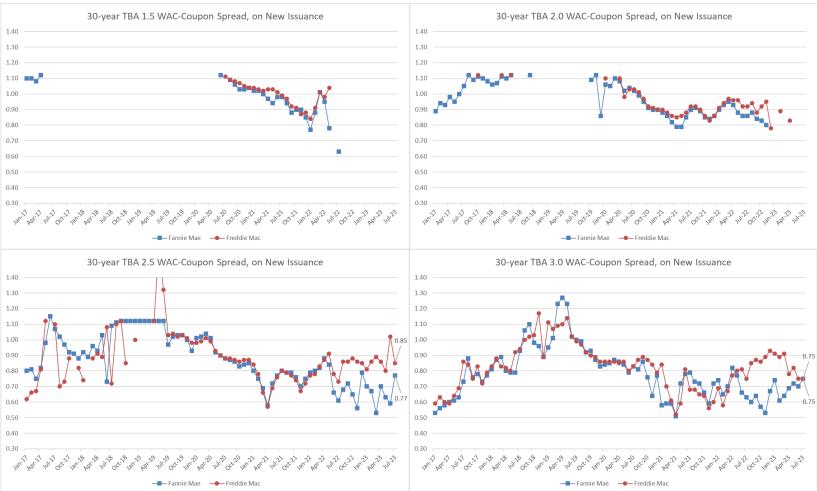
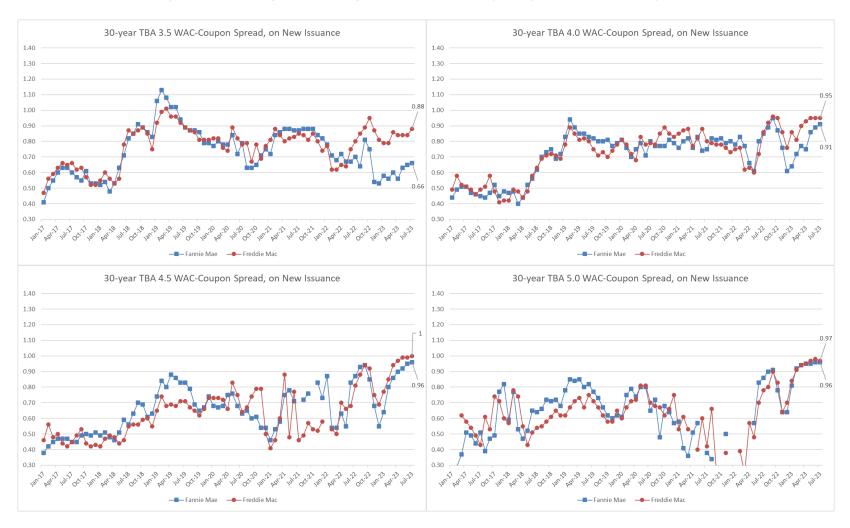


Chart 4: Comparison of Weighted Average Loan Rate to Coupon Spread on New 30-year MBS Issuance

Source: RiskSpan calculations from data available publicly as of July 2023. Gaps in data may occur in some months due to a lack of MBS issuance. Latest month's WAC-Coupon Spread value is labeled, where available.



Chart 4: Comparison of Weighted Average Loan Rate to Coupon Spread on New 30-year MBS Issuance



Source: RiskSpan calculations from data available publicly as of July 2023. Gaps in data may occur in some months due to a lack of MBS issuance. Latest month's WAC-Coupon Spread value is labeled, where available.



Chart 4: Comparison of Weighted Average Loan Rate to Coupon Spread on New 30-year MBS Issuance



Source: RiskSpan calculations from data available publicly as of July 2023. Gaps in data may occur in some months due to a lack of MBS issuance. Latest month's WACCoupon Spread value is labeled, where available.



### **Data Tables**

FHFA uses Table 1, the Annual Vintage Report, to compare, at the cohort level, the Enterprises' three-month prepayment rates with cohort attributes, such as the weighted-average loan rate (WAC), the weighted-average loan maturity (WAM), the weighted-average loan age (WALA), and the unpaid principal balance (UPB). These comparisons provide context to understand better any significant differences in CPRs across the Enterprises.

Table 2, the Quartile Report, is used to compare the range of prepayment rates across all of the TBA-eligible MBS that have the same coupon issued by a given Enterprise. To do so, all of an Enterprise's TBA-eligible MBS pools outstanding in the month, excluding specified pools as defined in the glossary, and bearing the stated coupon are ranked by their three-month CPRs from fastest to slowest. The pools are then grouped into quartiles based on UPB. The Report presents the WALA, WAC, average loan size (ALS), and credit score (FICO) for each quartile. Quartile 1 in this table corresponds to the fastest paying quartile. Table 2 presents this information as of the end of the quarter.

Table 3, the Total Industry Issuance Report, provides a comparison, at the coupon cohort level, of the Enterprises' previous three months of issuance, with various key loan attributes that would affect the expectations of prepayments and delinquencies. FHFA uses this report to identify any differences in loan attributes that may cause a divergence in prepayment rates. The attributes that generally create faster prepayments, such as high credit score and low loan-to-value (LTV) ratio, also generally lower defaults. Analyzing new issuance data allows FHFA and the Enterprises to make timely adjustments to business practices to reduce potential misalignments in future prepayment rates.



Table 1: 30-year, Fastest Quartile of TBA-eligible MBS Vintage Report

		Weighted	Average	Weighte	d Average	Weighted	Average	Unpaid	Principal	Thre	ee Month C	onditional F	Prepayment	Rates (per	ent)
		Coupon (	percent)	Maturity	(months)	Loan Age	(months)	Balance (	\$ billions)	Ju	ne	IV	lay	A	pril
Coupon	Year	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE
1.5	2020	2.53	2.56	319	318	33	33	9	11.3	4.60	4.30	4.30	4.10	3.70	3.60
1.5	2021	2.50	2.52	325	327	28	27	9.8	16.3	4.70	4.70	4.40	4.30	3.60	3.50
	2020	2.96	2.96	317	318	35	34	56.6	48	6.10	6.10	5.70	5.70	5.00	4.90
2	2021	2.84	2.87	327	327	27	27	98.4	94.2	5.60	5.60	5.20	5.20	4.50	4.50
	2022	2.95	2.97	339	339	17	17	10.1	10.7	4.60	4.40	4.50	4.10	4.00	3.50
	2019	3.51	3.48	305	307	45	44	3.7	3.2	7.30	7.20	6.70	6.80	5.60	5.60
2.5	2020	3.39	3.37	314	316	37	35	36.5	24.4	8.10	7.80	7.70	7.30	6.70	6.40
2.3	2021	3.28	3.27	330	331	24	24	49.8	46	7.60	7.50	7.10	6.90	6.00	6.00
	2022	3.33	3.31	340	339	17	17	16.8	15.4	6.00	5.80	5.70	5.20	5.10	4.70
	2019	3.93	3.93	305	305	46	46	7.6	7.1	10.70	10.00	9.90	9.80	8.60	8.70
3	2020	3.86	3.84	315	313	37	38	8.1	4.7	10.90	11.60	11.20	11.70	10.10	10.40
3	2021	3.75	3.73	332	333	24	22	3	2.7	12.70	14.20	12.00	13.20	11.00	10.80
	2022 3.74	3.74	3.72	340	341	16	16	13	11.4	7.00	7.30	6.60	6.60	5.80	5.60
	2017	4.05	4.07	275	277	72	71	5.6	4.5	12.30	10.00	11.60	10.20	10.40	9.30
	2018	4.05	4.19	285	286	64	63	2	1.4	11.80	11.90	11.30	11.60	10.10	9.90
3.5	2019	4.39	4.42	305	303	47	48	3.2	2.5	14.90	14.20	13.60	13.80	11.80	12.20
3.3	2020	4.36	4.37	313	314	39	39	0.9	0.5	15.60	17.30	15.30	17.20	13.60	18.30
	2021	4.35	4.31	332	333	23	23	0.4	0.4	21.20	21.40	19.20	19.50	18.00	18.00
	2022	4.23	4.18	342	342	14	14	11.6	9.5	7.50	7.80	7.20	7.60	6.70	6.50
	2017	4.48	4.50	277	277	73	73	2.7	2	14.20	11.80	14.20	11.00	12.20	10.40
4	2018	4.68	4.69	290	290	60	60	4.1	2.7	14.50	14.00	13.70	13.30	12.50	12.40
*	2019	4.86	4.86	305	303	47	49	1.5	0.9	17.30	17.50	16.50	18.20	15.20	16.9
	2022	4.77	4.75	344	343	13	13	12.8	12.1	8.00	7.30	7.80	7.10	6.90	6.40
	2017	4.98	4.97	279	279	72	72	0.4	0.3	19.00	18.50	18.90	14.60	17.40	13.5
4.5	2018	5.18	5.19	292	294	60	57	1.2	0.9	17.20	16.70	16.70	15.90	14.40	15.3
4.5	2019	5.38	5.33	304	304	49	49	0.5	0.3	20.10	22.40	23.30	26.20	22.20	22.2
	2022	5.35	5.30	345	345	10	11	13	12	7.80	8.10	7.60	7.60	7.00	6.80

Source: RiskSpan calculations from data available publicly as of July 2023. Calculations exclude new issuance with no three-month CPR information, and exclude specified pools (see appendix for definition). The balances displayed on the table are beginning-of-quarter balances for the population included in the fastest quartile for each cohort.



Table 1: 30-year, Fastest Quartile of TBA-eligible MBS Vintage Report

			d Average	Weighted Average Weighted Average				Unpaid	Principal	Thre	ee Month Co	onditional P	repayment	Rates (perc	ent)
		Coupon (	percent)	Maturity	(months)	Loan Age	(months)	Balance (	\$ billions)	Ju	ne	М	ау	Ap	oril
Coupon	Year	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE
5	2022	5.85	5.82	345	345	11	11	8.4	8	10.30	10.00	10.30	10.00	9.00	9.30
5.5	2022	6.33	6.18	347	347	9	9	4.8	4	11.70	11.70	12.60	11.70	11.80	11.50
6	2022	6.92	6.76	349	347	7	8	2.3	1.9	18.30	17.60	17.70	18.50	16.60	17.20
6.5	2022	7.42	7.40	349	349	7	7	1.1	0.8	19.70	20.90	20.20	21.30	19.40	21.30

Source: RiskSpan calculations from data available publicly as of July 2023. Calculations exclude new issuance with no three-month CPR information, and exclude specified pools (see appendix for definition). The balances displayed on the table are beginning-of-quarter balances for the population included in the fastest quartile for each cohort.



Table 2: 30-year TBA-eligible, less Specified Pools, Cohort Quartile Report for Qualifying Cohorts\*

30-year, 1.5	Quartile 1		Quar	Quartile 2		tile 3	Quar	tile 4
Fannie Mae	4.7		3.6		3.5		2.3	
Freddie Mac	4.5		3.7		3.6		2.	9
Difference	0.	0.2		-0.1		-0.1		.6
Attributes	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE
WALA	32	30	31	30	30	31	28	30
WAC	2.52	2.54	2.52	2.54	2.50	2.53	2.47	2.52
ALS	351	356	376	379	374	381	376	374
FICO	774	773	775	772	775	773	774	773

30-year, 2.5	Quartile 1		Quar	tile 2	Quar	tile 3	Quar	tile 4	
Fannie Mae	7.7		5.6		5.	1	3.3		
Freddie Mac	7.5		5.5		5.0		3.	2	
Difference	0.	0.2		0.1		0.1		1	
Attributes	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	
WALA	34	32	31	29	24	24	22	21	
WAC	3.36	3.34	3.32	3.32	3.29	3.27	3.32	3.32	
ALS	307	310	342	344	357	352	340	347	
FICO	755	755	753	749	749	746	749	750	

30-year, 2.0	Quar	Quartile 1		Quartile 2		tile 3	Quar	tile 4
Fannie Mae	5.8		4.5		4.1		2.9	
Freddie Mac	5.7		4.5		4.0		3.	0
Difference	Difference 0.1		0.0		0.1		-0.1	
Attributes	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE
WALA	32	30	30	30	27	27	22	22
WAC	2.92	2.90	2.85	2.88	2.87	2.91	2.88	2.89
ALS	318	335	357	358	365	367	361	369
FICO	768	765	767	766	766	766	764	762

30-year, 3.0	Quart	Quartile 1		Quartile 2		tile 3	Quartile 4		
Fannie Mae	10.0		7.0		5.1		2.1		
Freddie Mac	10.2		6.8 4.5		5	2.	0		
Difference	-0.2		0.2		0.6		0.1		
Attributes	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	
WALA	38	40	40	39	24	22	22	20	
WAC	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.82	3.79	3.80	3.76	3.80	
ALS	302	300	312	312	341	356	331	338	
FICO	743	744	747	745	741	745	750	748	

<sup>\*</sup> FHFA omits the average prepayment speeds of pools with age less than 3 months and coupon cohorts with a combined UPB less than \$10 billion.



<sup>\*</sup> Qualifying Cohorts are defined as cohorts of TBA-eligible pools, excluding Specified Pools, issued during the most recent six origination years, including the current origination year if pools with age at least 3 months are available.

<sup>\*</sup> The weighted-average statistics that are published in this table use beginning-of-quarter balances and end-of-quarter WAC, WALA, and FICO. ALS statistics represent a simple average of all loans in the cohorts.

Table 2: 30-year TBA-eligible, less Specified Pools, Cohort Quartile Report for Qualifying Cohorts\*

30-year, 3.5	Quartile 1		Quar	tile 2	Quar	tile 3	Quar	tile 4	
Fannie Mae	11.7		7.1		4.8		2.3		
Freddie Mac	11.4		7.5		4.4		2.	2	
Difference	0.	3	-0.4		0.4		0.1		
Attributes	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	
WALA	54	52	52	58	20	17	24	22	
WAC	4.24	4.25	4.14	4.15	4.21	4.21	4.19	4.29	
ALS	287	290	302	290	378	369	329	349	
FICO	744	744	747	746	745	745	751	750	

30-year, 4.5	Quartile 1		Quar	tile 2	Quar	tile 3	Quartile 4		
Fannie Mae	10.6		5.2		4.	6	2.1		
Freddie Mac	10.4		4.8		4.	1	1.	9	
Difference	0.	2	0.4		0.5		0.2		
Attributes	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	
WALA	33	29	12	11	12	11	13	14	
WAC	5.27	5.25	5.39	5.34	5.38	5.41	5.30	5.36	
ALS	321	318	404	403	400	411	336	339	
FICO	731	735	750	757	754	755	751	749	

30-year, 4.0	0-year, 4.0 Quartile 1		Quar	tile 2	Quar	tile 3	Quar	tile 4
Fannie Mae	12	12.6		6.8		1	2.1	
Freddie Mac	11.4		5.8		3.7		1.	9
Difference	1.	2	1.0		0.4		0.2	
Attributes	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE
WALA	55	57	38	26	14	12	20	16
WAC	4.70	4.66	4.68	4.74	4.87	4.91	4.80	4.87
ALS	287	288	333	348	395	414	346	359
FICO	734	737	737	740	754	759	751	753

30-year, 5.0	Quartile 1		Quar	tile 2	Quar	tile 3	Quartile 4		
Fannie Mae	10.8		6.5		5.2		2.1		
Freddie Mac	10.5		6.0		4.9		1.	9	
Difference	0.	3	0.	5	0.3		0.	2	
Attributes	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	
WALA	13	11	8	9	9	8	9	9	
WAC	5.86	5.86	5.90	5.84	5.78	5.83	5.86	5.86	
ALS	342	364	392	397	375	393	314	333	
FICO	735	743	751	749	750	754	748	747	

<sup>\*</sup> FHFA omits the average prepayment speeds of pools with age less than 3 months and coupon cohorts with a combined UPB less than \$10 billion.



<sup>\*</sup> Qualifying Cohorts are defined as cohorts of TBA-eligible pools, excluding Specified Pools, issued during the most recent six origination years, including the current origination year if pools with age at least 3 months are available.

<sup>\*</sup> The weighted-average statistics that are published in this table use beginning-of-quarter balances and end-of-quarter WAC, WALA, and FICO. ALS statistics represent a simple average of all loans in the cohorts.

Table 2: 30-year TBA-eligible, less Specified Pools, Cohort Quartile Report for Qualifying Cohorts\*

30-year, 5.5	Quartile 1		Quar	tile 2	Quar	tile 3	Quar	tile 4
Fannie Mae	12.8		7.9		7.1		2.9	
Freddie Mac	12.8		7.9		6.9		2.	5
Difference	0.	0	0.0		0.2		0.4	
Attributes	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE
WALA	6	5	7	8	8	7	7	7
WAC	6.42	6.41	6.41	6.27	6.25	6.35	6.37	6.37
ALS	385	383	381	395	401	395	297	309
FICO	750	753	747	743	748	752	747	746

30-year, 6.5	Quart	tile 1	Quar	tile 2	Quar	tile 3	Quartile 4			
Fannie Mae	23	.5	16	.5	15	.4	6.4			
Freddie Mac	24	.0	15	.7	14	.9	6.3			
Difference	-0.	.5	0.	8	0.	5	0.1			
Attributes	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE		
WALA	6	6	6	7	7	6	6	6		
WAC	7.44	7.41	7.43	7.30	7.20	7.16	7.39	7.38		
ALS	362	364	369	358	375	355	266	285		
FICO	736	737	735	741	734	737	738	733		

30-year, 6.0	Quar	tile 1	Quar	tile 2	Quar	tile 3	Quartile 4			
Fannie Mae	18	.3	14	.2	11	.0	4.0			
Freddie Mac	18	.4	11	.4	10	.1	3.2			
Difference	-0.1		2.	8	0.	9	0.8			
Attributes	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE		
WALA	7	7	7	5	6	7	6	7		
WAC	6.93	6.83	6.90	6.92	6.85	6.87	6.89	6.81		
ALS	371	380	398	406	371	364	277	307		
FICO	745	740	747	748	748	747	742	743		

<sup>\*</sup> FHFA omits the average prepayment speeds of pools with age less than 3 months and coupon cohorts with a combined UPB less than \$10 billion.



<sup>\*</sup> Qualifying Cohorts are defined as cohorts of TBA-eligible pools, excluding Specified Pools, issued during the most recent six origination years, including the current origination year if pools with age at least 3 months are available.

<sup>\*</sup> The weighted-average statistics that are published in this table use beginning-of-quarter balances and end-of-quarter WAC, WALA, and FICO. ALS statistics represent a simple average of all loans in the cohorts.

Table 3: Q2 2023 30-year, TBA-eligible MBS Total Industry Quarterly Issuance Report\*

	2.50%		3.0	3.00%		3.50%		4.00%		4.50%		5.00%		5.50%		6.00%		6.50%		7.00%		7.50%		ans
	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE	FNM	FRE
Loan Count	55	35	1,176	812	808	243	7,149	3,315	18,282	12,966	73,957	65,686	83,698	83,730	47,826	49,460	26,836	19,243	1,546	1,318	4	5	261,337	236,813
UPB (billions)	0.02	0.01	0.26	0.21	0.29	0.09	2.46	1.21	6.51	4.90	25.02	22.23	26.87	27.97	14.38	15.12	8.01	5.72	0.38	0.26	0.00	0.00	84.20	77.73
% of Production Volume	0.00	0.00	0.30	0.30	0.30	0.10	2.90	1.60	7.70	6.30	29.70	28.60	31.90	35.90	17.00	19.40	9.50	7.30	0.50	0.30	0.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
WA Note Rate (%)	3.15	3.37	3.73	3.78	4.14	4.35	4.88	4.95	5.45	5.49	5.96	5.98	6.45	6.47	6.91	6.92	7.36	7.43	7.91	7.84	7.88	8.12	6.33	6.40
WA Loan Age (mos.)	4	6	2	2	3	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	1	1
WA FICO	761	744	745	737	760	753	758	757	761	760	761	760	757	755	747	745	737	732	738	724	741	716	755	753
WALTV	0.72	0.78	0.62	0.69	0.79	0.79	0.81	0.83	0.78	0.79	0.78	0.78	0.79	0.81	0.8	0.81	0.79	8.0	0.78	0.78	0.97	0.96	0.79	0.8
%FICO<680	5.00	12.00	12.00	14.00	4.00	5.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	5.00	8.00	8.00	13.00	15.00	14.00	20.00	0.00	24.00	5.00	6.00
%FICO>740	73.00	60.00	59.00	50.00	72.00	67.00	71.00	71.00	75.00	73.00	75.00	73.00	70.00	68.00	60.00	57.00	51.00	45.00	53.00	39.00	25.00	32.00	68.00	66.00
%LTV>80	27.00	44.00	16.00	27.00	42.00	47.00	48.00	55.00	41.00	44.00	41.00	43.00	44.00	49.00	45.00	48.00	37.00	39.00	30.00	33.00	100.00	100.00	42.00	46.00
%FICO<680 & LTV>80	0.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	3.00	6.00	0.00	24.00	2.00	2.00
%DTI>40	37.00	43.00	35.00	42.00	38.00	57.00	44.00	52.00	45.00	53.00	44.00	48.00	45.00	48.00	46.00	51.00	47.00	52.00	46.00	51.00	80.00	56.00	45.00	49.00
%Purchase	45.00	47.00	6.00	23.00	88.00	96.00	97.00	96.00	90.00	91.00	88.00	90.00	88.00	91.00	84.00	87.00	81.00	80.00	71.00	68.00	100.00	100.00	87.00	89.00
%Rate/Term	50.00	53.00	94.00	77.00	11.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	5.00	4.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	5.00	4.00
%Cash out	5.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	5.00	5.00	7.00	6.00	8.00	6.00	12.00	10.00	15.00	16.00	24.00	29.00	0.00	0.00	9.00	7.00
%Owner Occupied	95.00	91.00	94.00	94.00	99.00	97.00	98.00	99.00	98.00	98.00	98.00	97.00	95.00	95.00	87.00	88.00	71.00	68.00	48.00	59.00	100.00	100.00	92.00	93.00
%Second Home	4.00	9.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	3.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	3.00	3.00	9.00	8.00	16.00	12.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00
%Investor	1.00	0.00	6.00	5.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	4.00	3.00	10.00	9.00	21.00	24.00	36.00	29.00	0.00	0.00	6.00	5.00

<sup>\*</sup> Numbers in the table represent end of quarter, not at-securitization, values. UPB = unpaid principal balance; WA = weighted average; WAC = weighted average coupon; WALA = weighted average loan age; LTV = loan-to-value ratio; DTI = debt-to-income ratio.

Source: RiskSpan calculations from data available publicly as of July 2023.



## **Glossary**

**Average loan size (ALS)** refers to the average dollar amount of the loans as stated on the notes at the time the loans were originated or modified.

**Cohort** refers to those Enterprise TBA-eligible securities with the same coupon, maturity, and loan-origination year where the combined unpaid principal balance of such securities exceeds \$10 billion. The loan-origination year is calculated as the value-weighted average of the origination years of the mortgages collateralizing a security.

Conditional prepayment rate (CPR), also known as the constant prepayment rate, measures prepayments as a percentage of the current outstanding principal balance of the pool of loans backing a mortgage-backed security or cohort of those securities. The CPR is expressed as a compound annual rate.

**Debt-to-income (DTI) ratio** is the ratio obtained by dividing the total monthly debt expense by the total monthly income of the borrower at the time the loan was originated or modified.

**Fastest paying quartile of a cohort** means the quartile of a cohort that has the fastest prepayment speeds as measured by the three-month CPR. The quartiles shall be determined by ranking outstanding TBA-eligible securities with the same coupon, maturity, and loan-origination year by the three-month CPR, excluding specified pools, and dividing each cohort into four parts such that the total unpaid principal balance of the pools included in each part is equal.

**FICO** refers to a credit score produced by FICO and used in the mortgage underwriting process.

**Loan-to-value (LTV) ratio** is the ratio, expressed as a percentage, obtained by dividing the amount of the loan at origination by the value of the property.

**Specified pools** for the purpose of this report, are those pools with one or more of the following characteristics at issuance: a maximum loan size of \$200,000, a loan-to-value ratio at the time of loan origination of greater than 80 percent, a FICO score



of less than 700, where all loans finance investor-owned properties, or where all loans finance properties in the states of New York or Texas or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

**To-be-announced (TBA) market** is a forward market for certain mortgage-backed securities, including those issued by the Enterprises.

Uniform Mortgage-Backed Security (UMBS) is the new single, common mortgage-backed security that the Enterprises issue, which replaced their previous offerings of TBA-eligible single class, fixed-rate mortgage-backed securities.

Unpaid principal balance (UPB) is the portion of a loan that the borrower has not yet paid back to the lender.

Weighted average coupon (WAC) refers to the average gross interest rates owed on the mortgages underlying the security weighted by the percentage of the security's unpaid principal balance that each mortgage represents.

Weighted average loan age (WALA) refers to the average number of months since the date of origination of mortgages underlying the security weighted by the percentage of the security's unpaid principal balance that each mortgage represents.

Weighted average maturity (WAM) refers to the average number of months remaining until the final payment is due on mortgages underlying the security weighted by the percentage of the security's unpaid principal balance that each mortgage represents.

